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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/705,779	10/705,779 11/1		Satoshi Mizutani	20050/0200471-US0	4389
7278	7590 01/12/2005			EXAMINER	
DARBY & I		P.C.	STEPHENS, JA	STEPHENS, JACQUELINE F	
P. O. BOX 5257 NEW YORK, NY 10150-5257				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
11211 TORKS, 111 10130 3237			3761	,	

DATE MAILED: 01/12/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No.	Applicant(s)					
10/705,779	MIZUTANI, SATOSHI					
Examiner	Art Unit					
Jacqueline F Stephens	3761					
pears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address					
Y IS SET TO EXPIRE	oly be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
<u> </u>						
s action is non-final.						
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
wn from consideration.						
cepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyand ction is required if the drawing(s						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Paper No(s)	ummary (PTO-413) //Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)					
	Examiner  Jacqueline F Stephens  Pears on the cover sheet with  Y IS SET TO EXPIRE  136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT etc. cause the application to become ABA and date of this communication, even if times action is non-final.  Ince except for formal matter Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.  On.  Inverse of the control of the drawing (standard) and the drawing (standard) are detected in the drawing (standard). The priority under 35 U.S.C. §  Its have been received.  Its have been received in Apportity documents have been received in Apportity documents have been received in the drawing (standard). The priority documents have been received in the drawing (standard). The priority documents have been received in Apportity documents have been					

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

2. Claims 1, 2, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Johnson USPN 4595392.

As to claim 1, Johnson discloses an interlabial pad having a water-permeable surface side sheet 7, an absorbent body 6, and a back side sheet 8. The interlabial pad comprises a cylindrical portion 3 in which a finger can be inserted for use (Figure 3), wherein the cylindrical portion 3 comprises the sheets 7 and 8 and absorbent body 6 (Figure 3).

As to claim 2, the interlabial pad comprises a flap portion (Figure 3).

AS to claim 7, the interlabial pad has a tacking agent 4 on an inner surface of the cylindrical portion (Figures 2 and 3).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 5. Claims 1-6 and 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rosenbluth USPN 5336208 in view of Belecky et al. USPN 5672165.

As to claims 1 and 8-10, Rosenbluth discloses an interlabial product having an absorbent body 72, and a cylindrical portion 76 in which a finger can be inserted (Figure 22), and a backing side sheet 80 (Figure 21). Rosenbluth does not disclose a surface side sheet. Belecky discloses an interlabial insert having a surface side sheet 18/38 for the benefit of allowing fluid to pass through to the pad and giving the user a "stay-dry" character (col. 5, lines 1-5). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a water permeable surface sheet in the invention of Rosenbluth for the benefits taught in Belecky.

As to claims 2, 3, 4, and 6 see Rosenbluth Figure 22.

As to claim 5, see Rosenbluth Figures 20 and 22 and col. 7, lines 30-52.

Art Unit: 3761

As to claim 11, the limitations of absorbing vaginal discharge is directed to an intended use of the article. "Intended use must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)." If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim limitations. The invention of Rosenbluth/Belecky meets the structural limitations of claim 1 and is capable of absorbing vaginal discharge.

6. Claims 12-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rosenbluth USPN 5336208 in view of Belecky USPN 5672165 as applied to claims 1 and 2 above, and further in view of Farris et al. USPN 6131736.

As to claims 12-15, Rosenbluth/Belecky do not disclose a wrapping sheet for covering and enclosing the interlabial product. Farris et al. discloses a packaging device including a wrapping sheet 40 for the benefit of storing the interlabial device until ready for use in such a manner that the user neither touches nor contaminates the surface of the absorbent in handling (Farris col. 5, lines 45-52). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Rosenbluth/Belecky to include a packaging device for the benefits taught in Farris.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jacqueline F Stephens whose telephone number is (571) 272-4937. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Larry Schwartz can be reached on (571)272-4390. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jacqueline F Stephens

Examiner Art Unit 3761

January 10, 2005